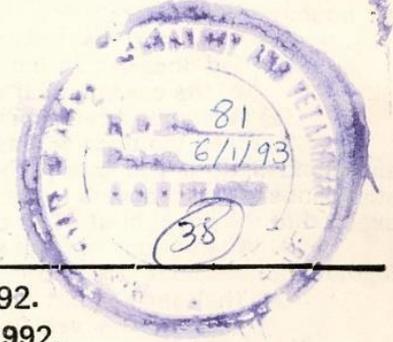


असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY

प्रधिकार से प्रकाशित

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No. 115, Port Blair, Thursday July 23, 1992.

ANDAMAN AND NICOBAR ADMINISTRATION
SECRETARIAT

NOTIFICATION

Port Blair, dated the 23rd July, 1992.

No.110/92/F. No. 44-35/87-Dev. I.—The following Rules framed by the Central Government under sub-section (2) of section 38 of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1960 (59 of 1960) published in the Gazette of India Part. I, Section 2 (ii) vide Government of India, Ministry of Agriculture & Irrigation (Deptt. of Argi.) Notification No 18-6/70-LDT dated 23-3-1978 are hereby republished below for information of the general public, namely:—

No.18-6/70-LD I

Government Of India,
Ministry of Agriculture & Irrigation
(Department of Agriculture)
Krishi Bhawan, New Delhi-1.

Dated the 23-3-78.

NOTIFICATION

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (h) of sub-section (2) of Section 38 of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1960 (59 of 1960); the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, the same having been previously published as required by the said Section, namely:—
TRANSPORT OF ANIMALS, RULES 1978

CHAPTER--I

1. Short title:—These rules may be called the Transport of Animals, Rules, 1978.
2. Definitions:—In these rules unless the context otherwise requires:—
 - (a) Qualified veterinary surgeon means one who holds a diploma or a degree of a recognised veterinary college.
 - (b) "Schedule" means a schedule appended to these rules.

CHAPTER--II

TRANSPORT OF DOGS & CATS

3. Rules 4 to 14 shall apply to the transport of dogs and cats of all breeds whether by rail, road, inland waterway, sea or air.
4. (a) A valid health certificate by a qualified Veterinary Surgeon to the effect that the dogs and cats are in a fit condition to travel by rail, road, inland waterway, sea or air and are not shewing any sign of infections or contagious disease including rabies, shall accompany each consignment and the certificate shall be in the form specified in Schedule-A.
 - (b) In the absence of such a certificate, the carrier shall refuse to accept the consignment for transport.
5. No dog or cat in an advanced stage of pregnancy shall be transported.
6. (a) Dogs or cats to be transported in the same container shall be of the same species and breed.
 - (b) Unweaned puppies or kittens shall not be transported with adult dogs or cats other than their dams.
 - (c) No female dog or cat in season (cestrus) shall be transported with any male.
7. (a) Any dog or cat reported to be vicious or exhibiting a vicious disposition shall be transported individually in a cage, muzzled and labelled to give warning to the handlers.
 - (b) In extreme cases, the dogs or cats shall be administered with sedative drugs by a qualified Veterinary Surgeon.

8. (1) When dogs or cats are to be transported for long distances :—
- They shall be fed and given water at least two hours prior to their transport and shall not be packed for transport if they are hungry or thirsty;
 - They should be exercised as late as possible before despatch ;
 - They shall all be given adequate water for drinking every four hours in summer or every six hours during winter ;
 - They shall be fed once in twelve hours in the case of adult dogs or cats and they shall be fed once in four hours in the case of puppies and kittens in accordance with the instructions of the consignors if any ;
 - Adequate arrangements shall be made for their care and management during the journey.
2. When the dogs or cats are to be transported rail involving a journey of more than six hours, an attendant shall accompany the dogs or cats to supply them with food and water on the way and the attendant shall have access to the dogs or cats for this purpose at all stations and no dog or cat shall be exposed to the direct blast of air during such journey.
9. Where dogs or cats are to be transported for short distance by road in a public vehicle, the following precautions are to be taken namely :—
- They shall be put in a cage and the cage containing the dogs or cats shall not be put on the roof of the vehicle but shall be put inside the vehicle preferably near the roof of the vehicle ;
 - The vehicle transporting the dogs or cats shall as far as possible maintain constant speed, avoiding sudden stops and reducing effects of shocks and jolts to the minimum.
 - At least one attendant shall be present at all times during transit who shall ensure that proper transit conditions are observed and shall also replenish food and water whenever necessary.
10. Where dogs or cats are to be transported by air :—
- The cages shall be properly cleaned and disinfected before the dogs or cats are put in the cages.
 - Sufficient paddy straw or saw dust or paper cuttings shall be provided for cats in the cages as resting material ;
 - For international transport, the dogs or cats shall be kept in a pressurized compartment with regulated temperature.
11. The size and type of crates for transport of dogs and cats shall conform as clearly as may be to the size and type specified in Schedule—B and Schedule—C respectively.
12. All containers of dogs or cats shall be clearly labelled showing the names, address and telephone number (if any) of the consignor.
13. The consignee shall be informed about the train or transport arrival or flight number and its time of arrival in advance.
14. Consignment of dogs or cats to be transported by rail or road shall be booked by the next passenger or mail train or bus and should not be detained after accepting the consignment for booking.

CHAPTER II

Transport Of Monkeys

15. Rules 16 to 23 shall apply to the transport of all types of monkeys from the trapping area to the nearest rail-head.
16. (a) A valid health certificate by qualified Veterinary Surgeon to the effect that the monkey are in a fit condition to travel from the trapping area to the nearest units and are not showing any sign of infectious or contagious disease shall accompany each consignment
- In the absence of such a certificate, the carrier shall refuse to accept the consignment for transport.
 - The certificate shall be in a form specified in Schedule—D.
17. (1) Monkeys from one trapping area shall not be allowed to mix with monkeys from any other trapping area for preventing the dangers of cross-infection.
- The time in transit from trapping area to the nearest rail-head shall be as short as possible and factors causing stress to monkeys shall be reduced to the minimum.
 - If the travel time is longer than six hours provision shall be made to feed and to give water to the monkeys on route.
 - During transit, precautions shall be taken to protect the monkeys from extreme weather conditions and monkeys that die enroute shall be removed at the earliest available opportunity.
18. Monkeys that are not completely weaned, that is, under 1.8 kilogram in weight, shall not be transported except when specifically permitted by the Central Government.
19. (a) Pregnant and nursing monkeys shall not be transported except when specifically permitted by the Central Govt.
- Pregnant and nursing monkeys as well as monkeys weighing more than 5 Kilograms shall be transported in compartmented cages.
20. All monkeys in the same cage shall be of the same species and of approximately the same weight and size.
21. Monkeys captured within their natural habit at shall be placed in new, sterilized or thoroughly cleaned cages and subsequent transfer, if any, shall also be new, disinfected or thoroughly cleaned cages.
22. Monkeys shall be transported from trapping area to the nearest rail-head by the fastest means of transport available and the monkeys should not be left unattended at any time during the journey.
23. (1) (a) Monkeys shall be transported in suitable wicker or bamboo cages, so constructed as not to allow the escape of the monkeys but permit sufficient passage of air ventilation.

- (b) No nails, metallic projections or sharp edges shall be exposed on the exterior or in the interior of the cages.
- (c) Each cage shall be equipped with appropriate water and food receptacles which are leak proof and capable of being cleaned and refilled during transit.
- (2) The floor of the cages shall be made of bamboo reapers and the space between each reaper shall range between 20 mm and 30 mm.
- (3) To facilitate carriage of these cages, provision may be made for rope loops at the four top ends.
- (4) The weight of any one loaded cage shall not exceed 45 kilograms.
- (5) The following two sizes of cages shall be used :
 - (a) 910x760x510 mm—to contain not more than twelve monkeys, weighing between 1.8 and 3.00 kilograms each or ten monkeys weighing between 3.1 and 5.00 kilograms each.
 - (b) 710x710x510 mm—to contain not more than ten monkeys weighing between 1.8 and 3.00 kilograms each or eight monkeys weighing between 3.1 and 5.00 kilograms each.

Provided that wooden cages as specified in Schedule-F to these rules may also be used for carrying monkeys from the trapping area to the nearest rail-head.

(6) The construction details of two types of cages shall be as given in Schedule—E.

- 24. Rules 25 to 32 shall apply to transport of monkeys from a rail-head to another rail-head or from a rail-head to the nearest air-port.
- 25. (a) Loading and unloading shall be carried out quickly and efficiently.
- (b) Cages shall be stored in such a manner that ventilation is adequate and the monkey are not exposed to draught and direct heat or cold.
- (c) Monkeys found dead shall be removed as quickly as possible for suitable disposal.
- 26. The transport cages shall be in accordance with specifications given in rule 28.
- 27. (1) Due provision shall be made by the sender for a sufficient supply of food and water for the journey.
- (2) In case the journey is over six hours an attendant shall accompany the monkeys to supply them food, water and such other things, on route and he shall have access to the monkeys for feeding, giving water and attention at all stations on route.
- (3) The food and water containers shall be checked at least every six hours and refilled, if necessary.
- (4) Monkeys shall not be disturbed during the night hours.
- 28. Not more than one cage shall be placed over the other and gunny packing shall be placed between two cages, when one is placed over the other.
- 29. Monkeys shall be brought to the airport sufficiently early.
- 30. Monkeys shall be provided with food and water immediately before loading on the aircraft.
- 31. (a) The cages shall be clearly labelled showing the name, address and telephone number (if any) of the consignor and the consignee in bold red letters.
- (b) The consignee shall be informed about the train in which the consignment of monkeys is being sent and its arrival time in advance.
- (c) The consignment of monkeys to be transported shall be booked by the next passenger or mail train and should not be detained after the consignment is accepted for booking.
- 32. (a) A valid health certificate by a qualified Veterinary Surgeon to the effect that the monkeys are in a fit condition to travel from the nearest rail-head to another rail-head or from a rail-head to the nearest airport and are not showing any signs of infectious or contagious disease shall accompany each consignment.
- (b) In the absence of such a certificate, the carrier shall refuse to accept the consignment for transport.
- (c) The certificate shall be in a form specified in Schedule-D.
- 33. Rules 34 to 45 shall apply in relation to the transport of monkeys by air.
- 34. The time in transit shall be as short as possible and factors causing stress to monkey shall be reduced to the minimum.
- 35. Monkeys that are not completely weaned, that is, under 1.8 kilograms in weight, shall not be transported except when specifically permitted by the Central Government.
- 36. Pregnant and nursing monkeys shall not be transported except when specifically permitted by the Central Government. Pregnant and nursing monkeys and monkeys weighing over 5 kilograms shall be transported in specially designed individual cages.
- 37. All monkeys in the same cage shall be of the same species and of approximately the same weight and size.
- 38. (1) In view of the dangers of infection, only monkeys of the same species shall be transported in the same cabin or compartment of the aircraft.
- (2) Apparently sick or disabled monkeys exhibiting external injuries or infected with parasites shall not be transported.
- (3) Transport of other species of animals, birds, fish, food stuffs or poisonous materials such as pesticides and insecticides, in the same cabin or compartment shall not be permitted.
- 39. (1) At no time during transit shall the monkeys be left unattended when carried in a freighter aircraft.
- (2) At least one attendant shall be present at all times when the aircraft is on the ground.

40. (1) Monkeys shall be transported in suitable wooden cages, so constructed as not to allow the escape of the monkeys and shall allow sufficient passage of air for ventilation; no nails, metallic projections or sharp edges shall be exposed in the interior or on the exterior of such cages. Each cage shall be equipped with water and food receptacles which shall be leak-proof and be capable being cleaned and refilled during transit. A suitable absorbent material such as saw dust shall be kept in the dropping trays.
- (2) The weight of any one loaded cage shall not exceed 45 kilograms in any case.
- (3) The following two sizes of cages shall be used:
- (a) 460 x 460 x 460 mm—to contain not more than ten monkeys weighing from 1.8 to 3.0 kilograms each or four monkeys weighing from 3.1 to 5.0 kilograms each; and
- (b) 760 x 530 x 460 mm—to contain not more than ten monkeys weighing from 1.8 to 3.0 kilograms each or eight monkeys weighing from 3.1 to 5.0 kilograms each.
- (4) The construction details of the two types of cages shall be as given in Schedule—F.
- (5) The construction details of the two types of cages used for the transport of pregnant and nursing monkeys shall be as given in Schedule—G.
41. (a) The cages shall be clearly labelled showing the name, address and telephone number (if any) of the consignor and the consignee in bold red letters.
- (b) The consignee shall be informed in advance about the flight number of the freighter aircraft in which the consignment of monkeys is being sent and its arrival time.
- (c) The consignment of monkeys to be transported shall be booked by the next flight of the freighter aircraft and should not be detained after the consignment is accepted for booking.
42. (1) A valid health certificate by a qualified Veterinary Surgeon to the effect that the monkeys are fit to travel by air and are not showing any signs of infectious or contagious disease shall accompany each consignment of monkeys.
- (2) In the absence of such a certificate, the carrier shall refuse to accept the consignment for shipment.
- (3) The form of a certificate under sub-rule (1) be as given in Schedule—D.
43. (1) The air shall be changed not less than twelve times per hour and draughts shall be avoided and there shall be no dead pockets of air.
- (2) Except when the monkeys are being fed and given water; they shall travel in semi darkness to make them quieter and less inclined to fight and thus give them better opportunities of resting.
44. The food and water containers shall be checked at every stop and refilled; if necessary, and a sufficient stock of food shall be available on the aircraft and at likely stopping places.
- Note:** About 85 grams of food per monkey is required daily. Suitable foods are dry cereal grains or gram. It is recommended that hole gram made into biscuits or wheat, meal, bread should be fed. A minimum of 140 ml. of water shall be allowed for each monkey per day.
45. An empty cage of the usual dimensions with its sides covered except 50 mm at the top to allow for ventilation shall be provided in the freighter aircraft for housing the monkeys which fall sick or are injured during the journey.

CHAPTER IV

Transport of Cattle

46. Rules 47 to 56 shall apply to the transport by rail or of cows, bulls, bullocks, buffaloes, yaks and calves (hereinafter in these rules referred to as Cattle).
47. (a) A valid certificate by a qualified Veterinary Surgeon to the effect that the cattle are in a fit condition to travel by rail or road and are not suffering from any infectious or contagious or parasitic diseases and that they have been vaccinated against rinderpest and any other infectious or contagious or parasitic disease or diseases shall accompany each consignment.
- (b) In the absence of such a certificate, the carrier shall refuse to accept the consignment for transport.
- (c) The certificate shall be in the form specified in Schedule—E.
48. Veterinary first-aid equipment shall accompany all batches of cattle.
49. (a) Each consignment shall bear a label showing in bold red letters the name, address and telephone number (if any) of the consignor and consignee, the number and types of cattle being transported and quantity of rations and food provided.
- (b) The consignment of cattle shall be informed about the train or vehicle in which the consignment of cattle is being sent and its arrival time in advance.
- (c) The consignment of cattle shall be booked by the next train or vehicle and shall not be detained after the consignment is accepted for booking.
50. The average space provided per cattle in railway wagon or vehicle shall not be less than two square metres.
51. (a) Suitable rope and platforms should be used for loading or unloading cattle from vehicles.
- (b) In case of railway wagon the dropped door of the wagon may be used as a ramp when loading or unloading is done to the platform.
52. Cattle shall be loaded after they are properly fed and given water.
53. Cattle in advanced stage of pregnancy shall not be mixed with young cattle in order to avoid stampede during transportation.
54. (1) Watering arrangements en route shall be made sufficient feed quantities of water shall be carried for emergency.
- (2) Sufficient feed and fodder with adequate reserve shall be carried to last during the journey.
- (3) Adequate ventilation shall be ensured.

55. When cattle is to be transported by rail:

- (a) An ordinary goods wagon shall carry not more than ten adult cattle or fifteen calves on broad gauge, not more than six adult cattle or ten calves on metre gauge, or not more than four adult cattle or six calves on narrow gauge;
- (b) Every wagon carrying cattle shall have at least one attendant;
- (c) Cattle shall be loaded parallel to the rails, facing each other;
- (d) Material for padding, such as straw, shall be placed on the floor to avoid injury if a cattle lies down and this shall not be less than 6 cms thick;
- (e) Rations for the journey shall be carried in the middle of the wagon;
- (f) To provide adequate ventilation, upper door of one side of the wagon shall be kept open properly fixed and the upper door of the wagon shall have wire gauge closely welded mesh arrangements to prevent burning cinders from the engines entering the wagon and leading to fire outbreak;
- (g) Cattle wagons should be attached in the middle of the train.
- (h) Cooking shall not be allowed in the wagons nor hurricane lamps without chimneys;
- (i) Two breast bars shall be provided on each side of the wagon, one at height of 60 to 80 cm and the other at 100 to 110 cm.
- (j) Cattle-in-milk shall be milked at least twice a day and calves shall be given sufficient quantity of milk to drink.
- (k) As far as possible, cattle may be moved during the nights only;
- (l) During day time if possible, they should be unloaded, fed, given water and rested and if in milk, milking shall be carried out.

56. When cattle are to be transported by goods vehicle the following precautions are to be taken namely:—

- (a) Specially fitted goods vehicles with a special type of tailboard and padding around the sides should be used;
- (b) Ordinary goods vehicles shall be provided with anti-slipping material, such as coir matting or wooden board on the floor and the super-structure, if low, should be raised;
- (c) No goods vehicle shall carry more than six cattle;
- (d) Each goods vehicle shall be provided with one attendant;
- (e) While transporting the cattle, the goods vehicle shall not be loaded with any other merchandise; and
- (f) To prevent cattle being frightened or injured, they should preferably face the engine.

CHAPTER V

Transport of Equines

57. Rules 57 to 63 shall apply to the transport by rail, road or sea of horses, mules and donkeys (hereinafter in these rules referred to as 'equines').
58. (a) A valid certificate by a qualified Veterinary Surgeon to the effect that the equines are in a fit condition to travel by rail, road or sea and are not suffering from any infectious or contagious disease or diseases shall accompany each consignment.
- (b) In the absence of such a certificate, the carrier shall refuse to accept the consignment for transport.
- (c) The certificates shall be in a form specified in Schedule-I.
59. (a) Each consignment shall bear a label showing in bold red letters the name, address and telephone number (if any) of the consignor and consignee the number and type of equines being transported and quantity of rations and food provided.
- (b) The consignee shall be informed in advance about the train or vehicle or ship in which the consignment of equines is being sent and its arrival time.
- (c) The consignment of equines shall be booked by the next train or vehicle or ship and shall not be detained after the consignment is accepted for booking.
60. (a) Pregnant and young equines shall not be mixed with other animals.
- (b) Different species of equines shall be kept separately.
- (c) Equines shall be loaded after being fed and given water adequately, watering arrangements shall be made en route and sufficient food carried to last during the journey.
- (d) Veterinary first-aid equipment shall accompany all batches of equines.
- (e) Adequate ventilation shall be ensured.
- (f) Suitable ramps and platforms, improvise where not available, shall be used for loading and unloading equines.
61. For the transport of equines by rail, the following precautions shall be taken:
- (a) Equines shall be transported by passenger or mixed trains only;
 - (b) Ordinary goods wagon when used for transportation shall carry not more than eight to ten horses, or ten mules or ten donkeys on broad gauge and not more than six horses or eight mules or eight donkeys on metre-gauge;
 - (c) In extreme hot water shall be sprinkled over the wagons containing equines by the railway authorities to bring down temperature. Ice slabs in specially made containers may be placed inside the wagon, if recommended by a qualified veterinary surgeon;
 - (d) Every wagon shall have two attendants if the equines are more than two in number;
 - (e) Equines shall be loaded parallel to the rails, facing each other;
 - (f) Material for padding, such as paddy straw, shall be placed on floor to avoid injury if an animal lies down and this shall not be less than 6 cm thick;

- (g) to provide adequate ventilation, jupper door of the side of the wagon shall be kept upon an properly fixed and the upper door of the wagon shall have wire guage closely welded mesh arrangements to prevent burning ciders from the engines entering the wagon and leading to fire break out;
- (h) two breast bars shall be provided on each side of the wagaen, one at a height of 60 to 80 cm and the other at 100 to 110 cm.
62. For the transport of equines by goods-vehicles, the following precautions shall be taken, namely:—
- Specially fitted vehicles with a special type of tailboard and padding around the sides shall be used;
 - ordinary goods vehicles shall be provided with antislipping material on the floor and the super structure if low, should be raised;
 - bamboo poles of at least 8 cm diameter between each animal and two stout batons at the back shall be provided to prevent the animal from falling;
 - to prevent horses from being frightened or injured their heads should face left away from the passing traffic;
 - each vehicles shall not carry more than four to six equines;
 - each vehicle shall be provided with one attendant;
 - these vehicle shall be driven at a speed not more than 35 kilometre per hour.
63. For the transport of equines by sea the following precautions shall be taken, namely:—
- horse may normally be accommodated in single stalls and mules in pens, each pen holding four to five mules;
 - ample ventilation shall be ensured by keeping pertholes and providing permanent air trucks or electric blowers on all decks, and exhaust fans shall be installed to blow out foul air;
 - all standings shall be athwart the ship with heads facing inwards;
 - to avoid distress sprially during hot weather, the ship may go under way immediately after embarking and disembarking shall be done as early as possible after anchoring;
 - colts and fillies shall be kept on the exposed decks;
 - a pharmacy and spare stalls for five per cent of equines shall be available;
 - passaga between two rows of pens shall not be less than 1.5 metres.

CHAPTER VI

Transport of Sheep and Goats

64. Rules 65 to 75 shall apply to the transport of sheep and goats by rail or road involving jour neys of more than six hours.
65. (a) A valid health certificate by a qualified Veterinary Surgeon to the effect that the sheep an-goats are in a fit condition to travel by rail or road and are not suffering from infectious or contagious or parasitic disease shall accompany each consignment.
- (d) In the absense of such a certificate, the carrier shall refuse to accept the consignment for transport.
- (c) The certificate shall be in a form specified in Schedule—J
66. (a) Each consignment shall bear a label showing in bold red letters the name, address and telephone number (if any) of the consign or and consignee the number and type of sheep or goats being transported and quantity of rations and feed provided.
- (b) The consignee shall be informed in advance about the train or vehicle in which the con-signment of sheep or goats are being sent and its arrival time.
- (c) The consignment of sheep of goats shall be booked by the next train or vehicle and shall not be detained after the consignment is accepted for booking.
67. (a) First-aid equipment shall accompany the sheep or goats in transit.
- (b) Suitable ramps shall be provided for loading and unloading the sheep or goats.
- (c) In the case of a railway wagon, when the loading or unloading is done on the platform the dropped door of the wagon shall be used as a ramp.
68. Sheep and Goats shall be transported separately, but if the lots are small special portition shall be provided to separate them.
69. Rams and male young stock shall not be mixed with female stock in the same compartment.
70. Sufficient food and fodder shall be carried to last during the journey and watering facility shall be provided at regular intervals.
71. Material for padding, such as straw, shall be placed on the floor to avoid injury if an animal lies down, and this shall be not less than 5 cm. thick.
72. The animals shall be not fettered unless there is a risk of their jumping out and their legs shall not be tied down.
73. The space required for a goat shall be the same as that for a woolled sheep and the approxi-mate space required for a sheep in a goods vehicle or a railway wagon shall be as under :—

Approximate weight of animal in kilogram

	Space required in square metres	
	Woolled	Shorn
Not more than 20	0.18	3.16
More than 20 but not more than 25	0.20	0.18
More than 25 but not more than 30	0.23	0.22
More than 30	0.28	0.26

74. (a) No railway wagon shall accommodate more than the following number of the sheep or goats:-

Broad guage		Metre guage		Narrow guage	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
Area of Wagon		Area of Wagon		Area of Wagon	
Less than 21.1 Square Metres		21.1 Square Metres and above		12.5 Square Metre and above	
70		100		60 25	

(b) Adequate ventilation shall be provided in every wagon. Upper door of one side of wagon shall be kept open and properly fixed and the upper door of the wagon shall have wire guage closely welded mesh arrangements to prevent burning cinders from the engines entering the wagon and leading to fire breakout.

75. (1) Goods vehicles of capacity of 5 or 4½ tons, which are generally used for transporting animals, shall carry not more than forty sheep or goats.
- (2) In the case of large goods vehicles and wagons, partition shall be provided at every two or three metres across the width to prevent the crowding and trapping of sheep and goats.
- (3) In the case of ewes, goats or lambs or kids under six weeks of age, separate panels shall be provided.

Sd/-

(B. B. KAPUR)

Deputy Secretary to the Govt. of India

1. SCHEDULE—A

(See Rule)

Proforma for Certificate of fitness to Travel-Dogs/Cats by a

This certificate should be completed and signed by a qualified Veterinary Surgeon.

Date and time of examination: _____

Species of Dogs/Cats: _____

Number of Cages: _____ Number of dogs/cats _____

Sex _____ Age _____

Breed and Identification marks, if any _____

Transported from _____ to _____ via _____

I hereby certify that I have read rules 8 to 14 in Chapter II of the Transport of Animals Rules, 1978.

1. That, at the request of (consignor) _____

I have examined the above mentioned dogs/cats in their travelling cages not more than 12 hours before their departure.

2. That each of the dogs/cats appeared to be in good health free from signs of injury, contagious and infectious disease including rabies and in a fit condition to travel by rail/road/inland waterway/sea/air.

3. That the dogs/ cats were adequately fed and watered for the purpose of the journey.

4. That the dogs/cats have been vaccinated.

(a) Type of vaccine/s: _____

(b) Date of vaccination/s: _____

Signed _____

Address _____

Qualifications _____

Date: _____

2. SCHEDULE—B

(See Rule 11)

Size and Type of Crate for Transport of Dogs

The design of the cage mentioned in rule 11 in Chapter 11 of the Transport of Animals Rules, 1978 shall be as per the design as printed on page 7 of IS: 4746—1968 published by the Indian Standards Institution.

—All dimensions in centimetres.

By Rail/Road/Inland Waterway/Sea, by Air

Length (L)	A X 1½	A+C+10
Width (W)	A	D+2+10
Height (H)	B+15	B+0

Length—Tip of nose to root of tail (A)

Width—Width across the shoulders (D)

Height—Tip of ears to toe while standing (B)

Elbow size—Toe to tip of elbow (C)

Note: Cages, Cartons or crates, used to transport dogs, shall be of such material which will not tear or crumble. They shall be well constructed, well ventilated and designed to protect the health of dogs by giving them adequate space and safety. It is essential that wire should be nose and paw proof; suitable material is that welded wire mesh of not less than 3 mm. with a spacing 12 x 12 mm. Expanded metal and wire netting are unsuitable for this purpose. There should be no protruding nails or unprotected edges of wire. Dogs Kennels in rail coaches shall be so placed as to give protection to dogs from extremes of temperature and disturbance from birds and by giving them adequate space for a health and safety.

3. SCHEDULE—C

(See Rule 11)

Size and Type of Crate for Transport of Cats

The design of the cage mentioned in rule 11 in Chapter 11 of Transport of Animals Rules, 1978 shall be as per the design as printed on page B of IS: 4746-1968 published by the Indian Standards Institution,

All Dimensions in Centimetres
By rail/road/inland water way/sea by air

Length (L)	AX2	AX2
Width (W)	A	A
Height (H)	B+15	B+10
Length—Tip of nose to root of tail (A)		
Width—Width across the shoulders (D)		
Height—Tip of ears to toe while standing (B)		
Elbow Size—Toe to tip of elbow (C)		

NOTE: Cages, cartons or crates, used to transport cats, shall be of such material which will not tear or crumble. They shall be well constructed, well ventilated and designed to protect the health of the cats by giving them adequate space and safety. It is essential that wire mesh should be nose and paw proof; suitable material is a welded wire mesh of not less 3 mm. with a spacing 12X12 mm. Expanded metal wire netting are unsuitable for this purpose. There should be no protruding nails or unprotected edges of wire. Cats Kennels in rail coaches shall be so placed as to give protection to cats from extremes of temperature and disturbance from birds and by giving them adequate space for health and safety.

4. SCHEDULE—D

(See Rule 16 and 32)

Proforma for Certificate of fitness to Travel.

Monkeys.

This certificate should be completed and signed by a qualified veterinary surgeon.

Date & time of examination _____

Species of Monkeys _____

Number of Cages _____

Number of Monkeys _____

Sex _____ Age _____

Breed and Identification marks, if any _____

Transported from _____ To _____ Via _____

I hereby certify that I have read rules 15 to 45 in Chapter III of the Transport of Animals Rules, 1978.

1. That, at the request of (consignor) _____

I examined the above mentioned monkeys in their travelling cages not more than 12 hours before their departure.

2. That each monkey appeared to be in a fit condition to travel from the trapping area to the nearest rail-head/from the nearest rail-head to another rail-head/from the rail-head to the nearest airport/by air and is not showing any signs of infectious or contagious diseases.

3. That no monkeys appeared to be under 6 months of age and that no animal appeared to be pregnant.

4. That the monkeys were adequately fed and watered for the purpose of the journey.

5. That the monkeys have been vaccinated.

(a) Type of vaccine/s

(b) Date of vaccination/s

Signed _____

Address _____

Qualifications _____

Date: _____

5. SCHEDULE—E

(See rule 23 (5) (a) and rule 23 (6))

Size and Type of Crate for transport of Monkeys from Trapping area to nearest Rail-head

The construction details of two type of cages mentioned in rule 22 (5) (a) in Chapter III of the Transport of Animals Rules, 1978 shall be as per the dimensions and design as printed on page 5 of IS: 3699 (Part-I)—1966 published by Indian Standards Institution.

6. SCHEDULE—F

(See rule 40 (4))

Size and Type of Crate for Transport of Monkeys by Air

The construction details of the two types of cages mentioned in rule 40 (3) (a) and (b) in Chapter III of Transport of Animals Rules, 1978 shall be as per the dimensions and design as printed on page 6 of IS: 3059—1965 published by Indian Standards Institution.

7. SCHEDULE—G

(See rule 40 (5))

Size and type of Crate for Transport by Air of Pregnant and Nursing Monkeys and Monkeys weighting over 5 Kg.

The construction details of the two types of cages mentioned in rule 40 (5) in Chapter III of Transport of Animals Rules, 1978 shall be as per the dimensions and design as printed on page 7 of IS: 3059—1965 published by Indian Standards Institution.

8. SCHEDULE—H

(See rule 47)

Proforma for Certificate of fitness to travel Cattle.

This certificate should be completed and signed by a qualified veterinary surgeon.

Date and time of examination _____

Species of Cattle _____

Number of Trucks/Railway Wagons _____ Number of Cattle _____

Sex _____ Age _____

Breed and Identification marks; if any _____

Transported from _____ To _____ Via _____

I hereby certify that I have read rules 46 to 56 in Chapter IV of the Transport of Animals Rules, 1978.

1. That, at the request of (consignor) _____

I examined the above mentioned Cattle in the goods Vehicle/railway wagons not more than 12 hours before their departure.

2. That each cattle appeared to be in a fit condition to travel by rail/road and is not showing any signs of infectious or contagious or parasitic disease and that it has been vaccinated against rinderpest and any other infectious or contagious or parasitic disease (s).

3. That the Cattle were adequately fed and watered for the purpose of the journey.

4. That the Cattle have been vaccinated.

(a) Type of vaccine:

(b) Date of vaccination: _____

Signed _____

Address _____

Signature of Veterinary Surgeon for Transport of Animals from _____

Qualifications _____

Date: _____

SCHEDULE—I

(See rule 58)

Proforma for Certificate of fitness to travel—Equines

This certificate should be completed and signed by a qualified Veterinary Surgeon.

Date and time of examination _____

Species of Equines _____

Number of Equines _____

Sex _____ Age _____

Breed and Identification marks, if any _____

Transported from _____ To _____ Via _____

I hereby certify that I have read rules 57 to 63 in Chapter V of the Transport of Animals Rules, 1978.

1. That, at the request of (consignor) _____

I examined the above mentioned equines not more than 12 hours before their departure.

2. That each equines appeared to be in a fit condition to travel by rail/road/sea and is not showing any signs of any infectious or contagious disease (s) and that it has been vaccinated against any infectious or contagious disease (s).

3. That the equines were adequately fed and watered for the purpose of the journey.

4. That the equines have been vaccinated.

(a) Type of vaccine (s) :

(b) Date of vaccination :

Signed _____

Address _____

Qualifications _____

Date: _____

10. SCHEDULE—J

(See rule 65)

Proforma for Certificate of fitness to travel—Sheep and Goats

This certificate should be completed and signed by a qualified Veterinary Surgeon.

Date and time of examination _____

Species of Animals _____

Number of Animals _____

Sex _____ Age _____

I hereby certify that I have read rules 64 to 75 in Chapter VI of the Transport of Animals Rules, 1978.

1. That, at the request of (consignor) _____

I examined the above mentioned animals not more than 12 hours before their departure.

2. That each animal appeared to be in a fit condition to travel by rail/road and is not showing any signs of any infectious or contagious or parasitic disease (s) and that it has been vaccinated against any infectious or contagious or parasitic disease (s).

3. That the animals were adequately fed and watered for the purpose of the journey.

4. That the animals have been vaccinated.

(a) Type of vaccine (s) :

(b) Date of vaccination :

Signed _____

Address _____

Qualifications _____

Date: _____

Sd/-

Assistant Secretary (AH)